



Roll No.

Total No. of Pages : 03

Total No. of Questions : 09

B.Tech.(EE)(Sem.–3)

ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS

Subject Code : BTEE-304-18 M.Code : 76384

Time : 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 60

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
2. SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.
3. SECTION-C contains THREE questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any TWO questions.

SECTION-A

1. Write briefly :
 - a) Obtain the expression for Laplacian of a scalar field for spherical coordinate system.
 - b) Discuss the significance of displacement current in the context of Maxwell's equations.
 - c) If a lightning stroke with current 50 kA occurs 100 m away from your house, calculate the magnetic flux density at your house due to the lightning stroke.
 - d) Show that in a good conductor, skin depth is always much shorter than its wavelength.
 - e) Find $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{A}$ and $\nabla \times \mathbf{A}$.
 - f) Infinite line $x = 3, z = 4$ carries 16 nC/m and is located in free space above the conducting plane $z = 0$. Use method of images to obtain the induced surface charge density on the conducting plane at $(5, -6, 0)$.
 - g) Determine the self-inductance of a coaxial cable of inner radius 'a' and outer radius 'b' using the concept of magnetic energy.
 - h) Find the magnetic field intensity at the center of a regular n-sided polygon carrying a steady current I. Assume R to be the distance from the center to any side.
 - i) Find the equivalent inductance of two coils connected in parallel. Assume the fluxes to be aiding each other.
 - j) Distinguish between magnetic scalar and vector potential.

SECTION-B

2. State Triangle Law of vector addition. Apply it to verify Coulomb's law of electrostatics.

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3. If $\mathbf{r} = x\mathbf{a}_x + y\mathbf{a}_y + z\mathbf{a}_z$ is the position vector of (x, y, z) , $r = |\mathbf{r}|$ and 'n' is an integer evaluate –

a) $\nabla(r^n)$

b) $\nabla^2(\ln r)$

□

4. Find D at P (6, 8, -10) because of –

a) point charge of 50 mC at origin

b) a uniform line charge $\rho_L = 30 \text{ nC/m}$ on z-axis.

c) a uniform surface charge density $\rho_s = 27.2 \text{ nC/m}^2$ on a plane $x = 12$.

$\tan^{-1} \frac{y}{x}$ using appropriate diagram. 5.

Derive the expression

$$\tan^{-1} \frac{y}{x}$$

6. Find the capacitance per unit length of a coaxial transmission line.

SECTION-C

7. A vector field is given by

$$\mathbf{Q} = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}{\sqrt{z^2 + y^2}} (x\mathbf{a}_x + y\mathbf{a}_y + z\mathbf{a}_z)$$

Evaluate the following integrals :

a) $\int_L \mathbf{Q} \cdot d\mathbf{l}$ where L is the circular edge of the volume in the form of an ice-cream cone shown in Figure.

b) $\int_{S_1} \mathbf{Q} \cdot d\mathbf{S}$ where S_1 is the top surface of the volume

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c) $\int_{S_2} \mathbf{Q} \cdot d\mathbf{S}$ where S_2 is the slanting surface of the volume

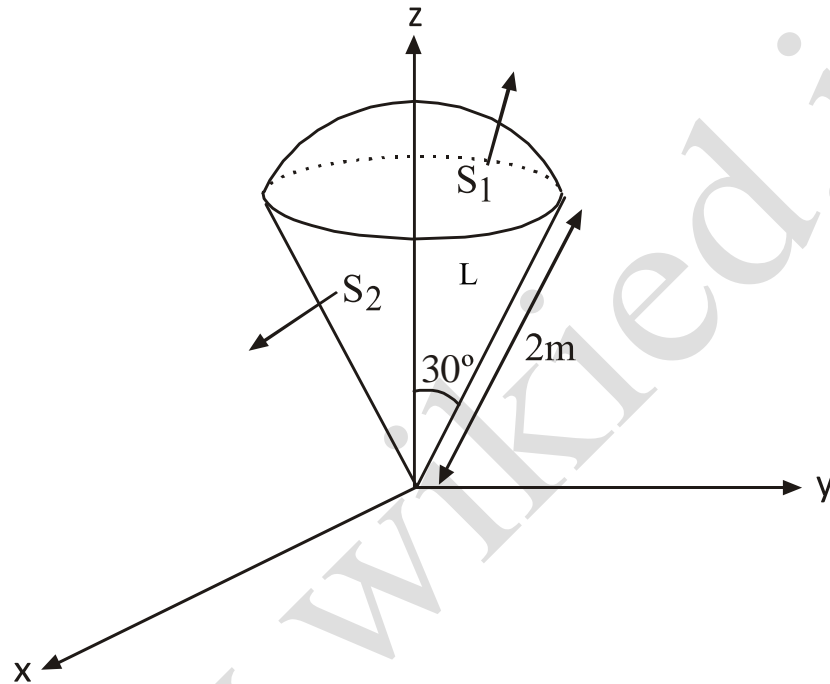


Fig.1

d) $\int_S \mathbf{Q} \cdot d\mathbf{S}$

e) $\int_S \mathbf{Q} \cdot d\mathbf{S}$

f) $\int_V \mathbf{Q} \cdot d\mathbf{v}$

8. State and derive the integral and differential forms of Maxwell's equations for timevarying fields.

9. Write the following time-harmonic field in phasor form :

$$\mathbf{E} = 4\cos(\omega t - 3x + 10^\circ)\hat{a}_y - 5\sin(\omega t - 3x - 20^\circ)\hat{a}_z$$

A non-magnetic medium has an intrinsic impedance of $240 \angle 30^\circ$. Find –

- a) Loss tangent
- b) Complex permittivity

NOTE : Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.

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