

Total No. of Pages : 02

Total No. of Questions : 09

B.Tech. (Electrical & Electronics Engg.) / (Electrical Engg.) (Sem.–4) POWER ELECTRONICS

Subject Code : BTEE-403-18 M.Code : 77608

Date of Examination : 07-07-22

Time : 3 Hrs.

Roll No.

Max. Marks : 60

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

- 1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- 2. SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.
- 3. SECTION-C contains THREE questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any TWO questions.

SECTION-A

- 1. Write briefly :
- a) Name the various components of a power electronic circuit, use a diagram to indicate them.
- b) In a BJT, why is $\mathbb{P} < 1$, and $\mathbb{P} > 1$?
- c) List out the various thyristor communication techniques.
- d) What do the following terms mean in context with power diodes (i) cut-in voltage (ii) peak inverse voltage.
- e) Write a brief note on natural commutation in a thyristor.
- f) Draw the RC firing triggering circuit.
- g) Enumerate the industrial applications where phase-controlled rectifier is needed.
- h) Enlist the main type of DC-DC converters. Which of these is more commonly used?
- i) What type of conversion does an inverter do? List out a few applications of inverters.
- j) Which are the two types of inverters? Distinguish between them.

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SECTION-B

- 2. Elaborate upon the switching characteristics of an IGBT. Give some applications of IGBT.
- 3. Explain the following voltage commutation techniques
 - (a) Impulse commutation
 - (b) External pulse commutation.
- 4. A dc-dc boot converter has an input voltage of 200V and output voltage of 600V. If the conducting time of converter is 100 🗈s, compute the pulse width of the output voltage. Further, if the output voltage pulse width is halved for constant frequency operation, find the average value of new output voltage.
- 5. Draw and discuss the load voltage and load current for steady operating conditions of a single phase full-bridge inverter connected to a resistive load.
- 6. Discuss the steady state analysis of principle of single phase voltage source bridge inverter.

SECTION-C

- 7. Discuss in detail a RL load connected to a single-phase rectifier circuit
- 8. Describe the principle of a dc-dc buck converter operation. Derive the expression of its output voltage.
- 9. Using appropriate diagrams describe the working of a single-phase half-wave inverter.

NOTE : Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.

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