

Roll No. Total No. of Pages : 02

Total No. of Questions: 09

B.Tech. (EE) (Sem.-6)

## POWER GENERATION AND ECONOMICS

Subject Code: BTEE-602-18 M.Code: 79313
Date of Examination: 05-07-22

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 60

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:**

- 1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- 2. SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.
- 3. SECTION-C contains THREE questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any TWO questions.

#### SECTION-A

- 1. Write briefly:
- a) Explain the chronological load curve with suitable diagram.
- b) What is diversity factor?
- c) Discuss the different type load.
- d) Write the different causes of low power factor.
- e) The maximum demand on a power system is 100 MW. If the annual load factor is 40%, calculate total energy generated in a one year.
- f) Define spinning reserve.
- g) Why are nuclear power reactors used as backup generators?
- h) What information can be supplied by load curves?
- i) Explain the thermo-electric conversion system.
- j) What does economic load scheduling mean?

### **SECTION-B**

2. The annual load duration curve of a small hydro plant shows 438×10<sup>4</sup> kWh of energy during the year. It is a peak load plant with 20% annual load factor. Find station capacity, if plant capacity factor is 15%, find reserve capacity of the plant.

1 | M-79313 (S2)-348

- 3. Explain the advantage of combined operation of hydro power plants and thermal power plants.
- 4. Define load forecasting. Also discuss the different methods which are generally used for forecasts or estimate of future demand of electrical energy.
- 5. Explain the economics operation of power system with considering transmission losses.
- 6. Differentiate between the base load plants and peak load plants.

## SECTION-C

- 7. What is cogeneration? Differentiate between topping and bottoming cycles. Also, discuss the benefits of cogeneration system.
- 8. Find the generation cost per unit of energy from following plant data:

Installed capacity = 120 MW

Capital cost of plant = Rs. 40000 per kW

Interest and depreciation = 15%

Fuel consumption = 0.64 kg/kWh

Fuel cost = Rs. 1500 per 1000kg

Salaries, wages, repair and other operating cost per annum = Rs. 50,000,000

Peak load = 100 MW

Load factor = 60%

9. A generation station of 1 MW supplied region which has following demands:

From	То	Demand (kW)
Midnight	5 A.M.	100
5 A.M.	6 P.M.	No-load
6 P.M.	7 P.M.	800
7 P.M.	9 P.M.	900
9 P.M.	Midnight	400

Neglect transmission line losses and find the following:

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- a) Plot the daily load curve and the load duration curve
- b) Find the load factor, plant capacity factor, and plant utilization factor.

NOTE: Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.

2 | M-79313 (S2)-348